October 30, 2003

### 12-2 Case with International Cooperation in EE & C

省エネルギー分野での国際協力事例

Mr. Ichirou TOYODA 豊田 一郎

Manager Consulting Department Toyo Engineering Corporation

東洋エンジニアリング株式会社コンサルタント部課長

# **Energy Saving**

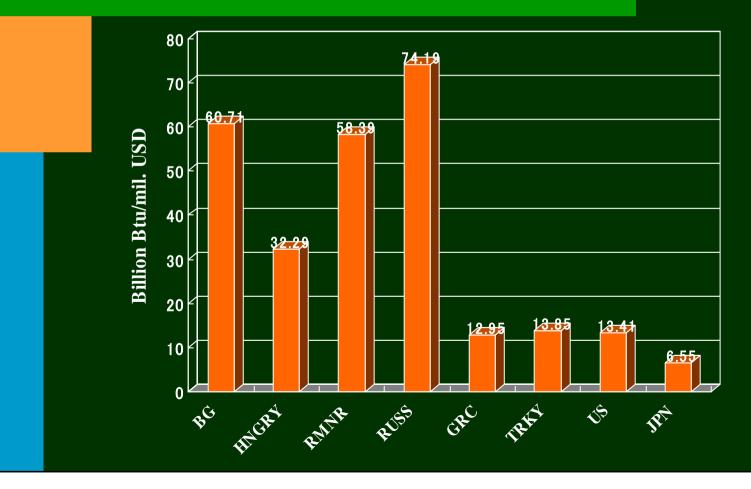
# Its necessity and procedure

JICA Ichiro Toyoda

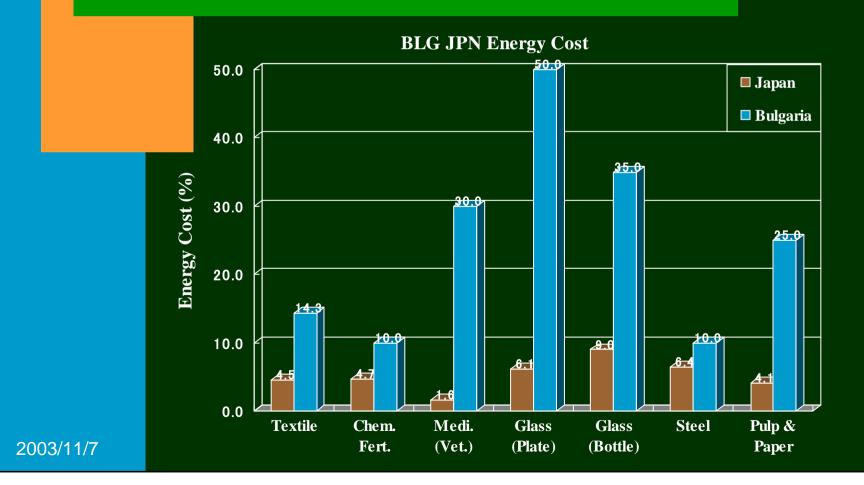
# Why Energy Saving?

- Big energy cost.
- CO2 problem.
- The enforcement of the Energy Law.

# Primary Energy Consumption per GDP (in 1998)



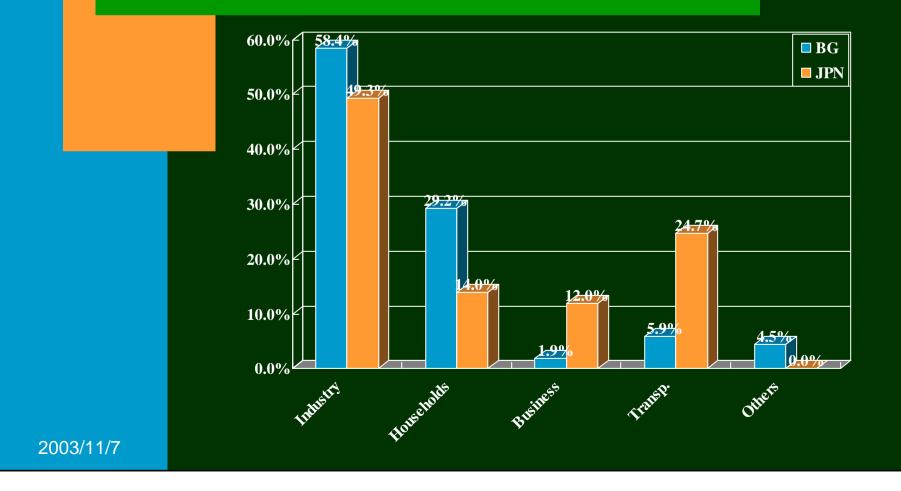
# **Big Energy Cost**



# CO2 Emissions per GDP (in 1998)



### Energy Consumption Structure (in 1997)



## **CO2** Problem

- Bulgaria's 8% Commitment
- 6.6 mil. ton of CO2 reduction is necessary. (total emission in 1990 is 82.6 mil. ton)
- CO2 reduction has been done by less fossil fuel burning (Energy Saving)

# The New Energy Law

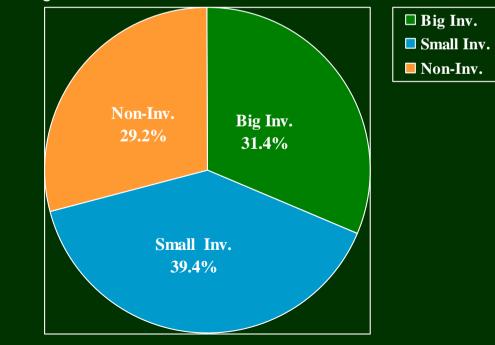
- Obligation of energy audit
- Enforcement of remedy
  - (if you have been pointed out some violations)
- Penalty

(when you do not conform the norms)

# Invest or Not Invest? (We can do without Money)

### Investment is not always needed

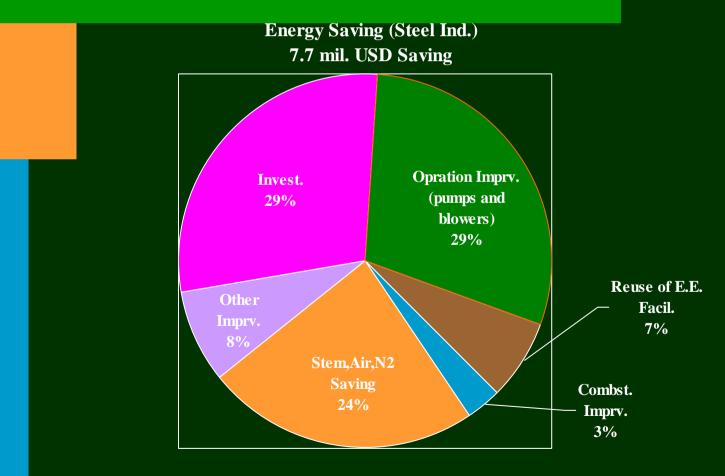
- Small Inv. : less than 200,000 USD
- Big Inv. : more than 200,000 USD



## Invest or Not Invest (cont'd)

- Operation Improvement (non investment)
- Plant Retrofit (investment)
- First priority is Operation
   Improvement

# Japanese Experience of Noninvested Energy Saving



# The Procedure of Energy Saving

### Get to know the current energy loss

- Measure the energy consumption
- Identify the energy loss

### Set the target

- How much energy saving should be done?
- Let's say, 10% or 15%

# The Procedure of Energy Saving (cont'd)

### Create ideas

- How to hit the target?
- The more, the better

### Evaluate the ideas

- Sort out the practical ideas
- Make rough cost estimation for the each idea
- Take another look at the target

# The Procedure of Energy Saving (cont'd)

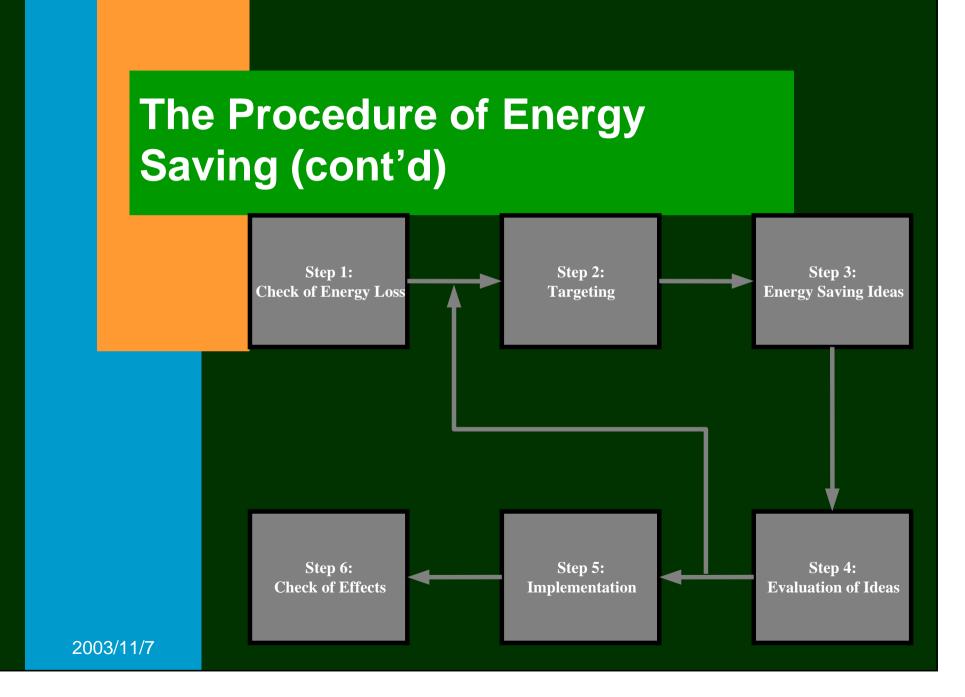
### Select ideas (in case of investment)

- The payback period
- Return On Investment (ROI)

### Implement selected ideas

- Who takes charge the implementation?The energy division
- And keep an eye on the energy consumption change

- The energy division is the watchdog



# What makes Energy Saving Successful?

## Organize Energy Saving Group

- Hold the regular meetings
- Establish the energy policy
- Give the incentive to your employees
  - Give your employees rewards
    (Let them create more ideas, etc.)
  - But...

## **The Biggest Driving Force**

None but the CEO and his MANAGEMENT TEAM can be a engine of Energy Saving.

# Investment for Energy Efficiency & Emissions Reductions (EEER) in Bulgaria

Date: September 19, 2000



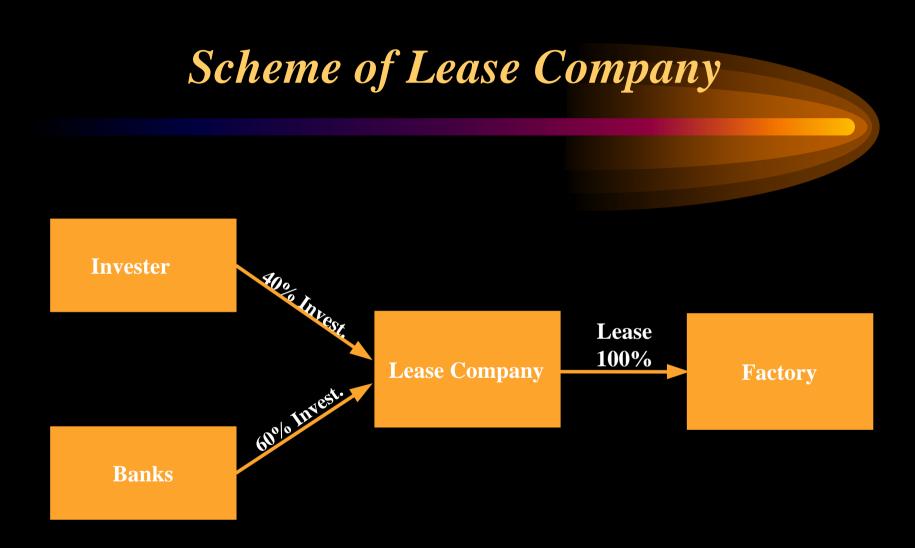
# **Difficulties of Financial Arrangement**

- Official Finance
  - Guarantee Required
  - Complicated and Slow Procedure
- Private Finance
  - Guarantee Required
  - Severe Loan Condition

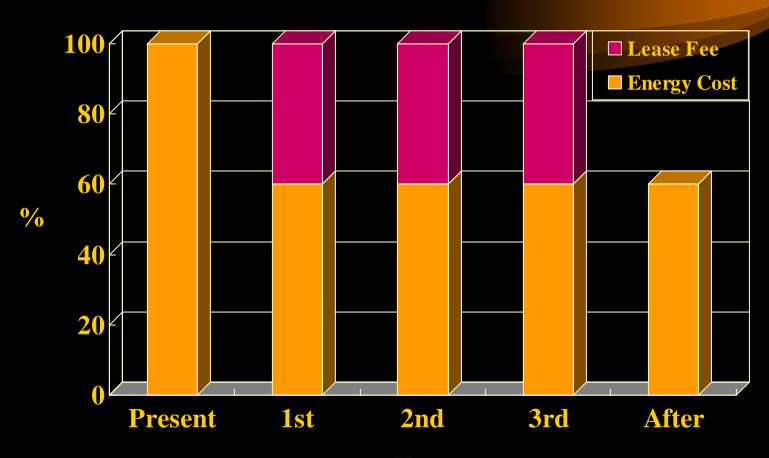
No possibility for most of companies to arrange finance

# Features of EEER Project

- Establishment of Lease Company
- Lease of Asset
- Lease fee without additional burden
- 3 to 5 years Lease Period
- Guarantee, No Need
- Lease Assets, Your Property

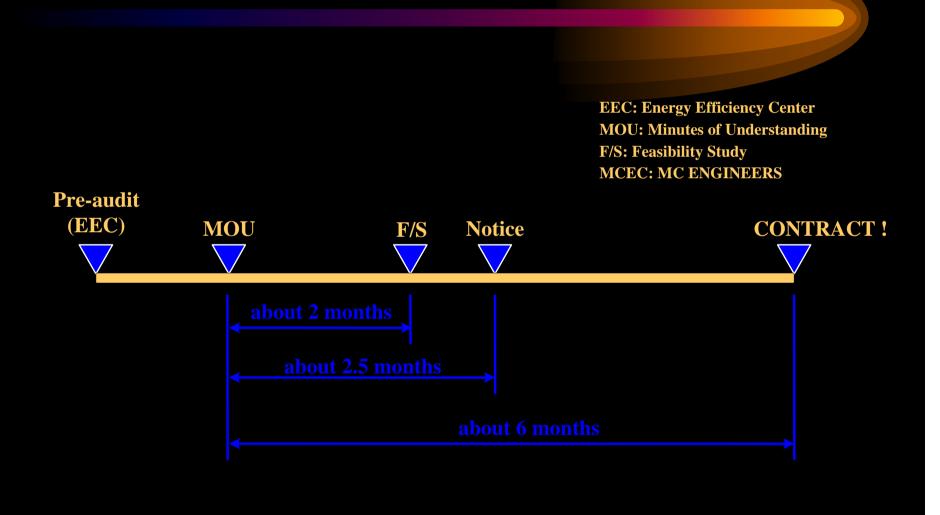


# Lease Fee Payment



Year

# The Way to the Contract



### Energy conservation diagnosis report (Kremikovtzi Co., Ltd.)

Energy Efficiency Center BG



# Problem findings

- No close communication is taken among the energy section and the production sections.
- The energy section has no idea on how and how much energy is consumed in the production process.
- No one cares about the optimum point on energy consumption.

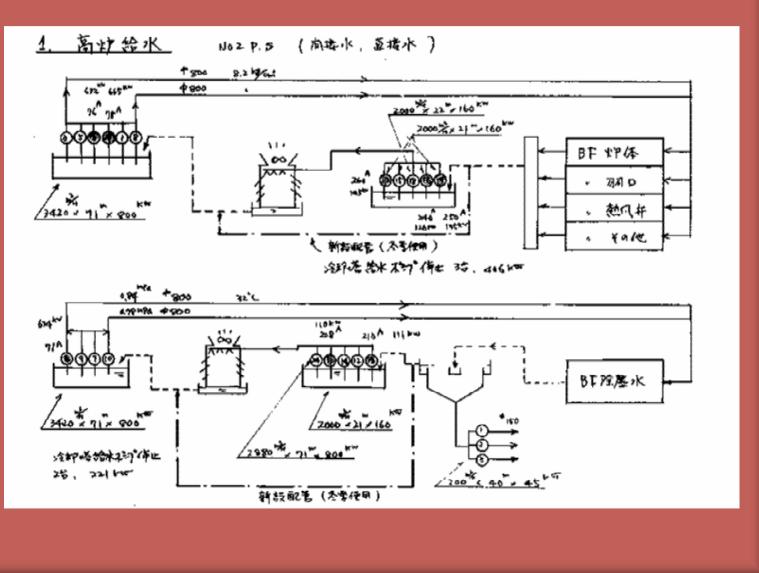


# Cooling Water Pump System Energy Saving

(examples)



# Blast Furnace cooling water system





# Compressed Air System Energy Saving

# (optimum operation)



# The Effect of the Saving

#### Present Operation

			Nm3/h	
			95, 000	
		Supply side	95, 000	
		total	190, 000	
n			Nm3/h	
			15, 000	
	21,800 kW	Supply side	15, 000	
	21,000 KW		15, 000	
			15, 000	
		total	60, 000	
	19,500 kW	total	250, 000	
)				
		Energy Saving Ca	ISE	
	2,300 kW		Nm3/h	
1				

	Nm3/h
02 PLANT	85, 000
02 PLANT	65, 000
Factory	60, 000
total	210, 000
Leak quantity	40, 000

kW 8, 500 8, 500 17, 000

kW

1, 200 1, 200 1, 200 1, 200 4, 800

21,800

### **Merit estimation**

Power consumption (current)	21,800 kW
Power consumption (energy saving)	19,500 kW
Effect	
(Elec. Price = 0.04 USD/kWh)	2,300 kW 20,148,000 kWh/y 806,000 USD/y

	Nm3/h	kW
Supply side	95, 000	8, 500
	65, 000	6, 200
total	160, 000	14, 700

	Nm3/h	kW
	15, 000	1, 200
Supply side	15, 000	1, 200
	15, 000	1, 200
	15, 000	1, 200
total	60, 000	4, 800
total	220, 000	19, 500

	Nm3/h
02 PLANT	85, 000
02 PLANT	65, 000
Factory	60, 000
total	210, 000

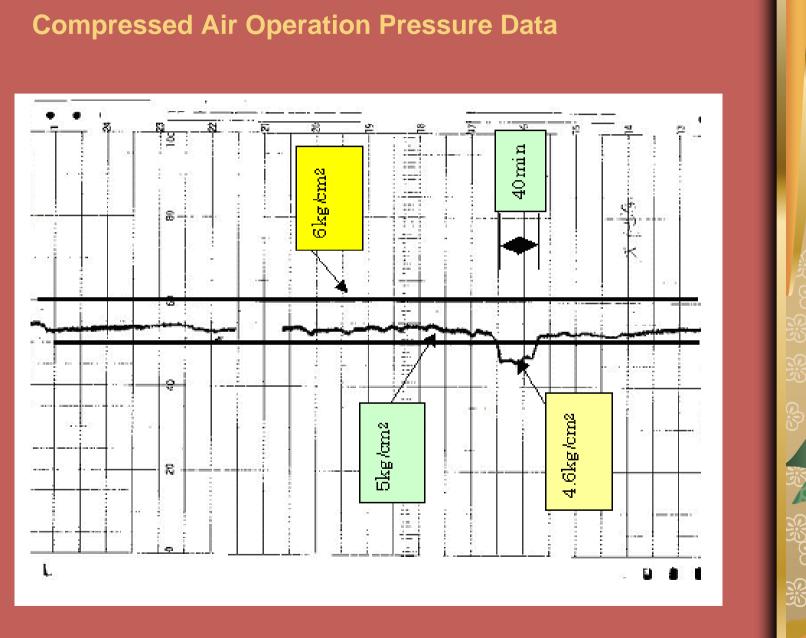
	Leak quantity	10,000
--	---------------	--------



# Compressed Air System Energy Saving

(operation pressure)







# The Effect of the Saving

### **Merit estimation**

Power consumption (current at 5.1 KG)	6,300 kW
Power consumption (energy saving case at 4.6 KG)	5,900 kW
Effect	
(Elec. Price = 0.04 USD/kWh)	400 kW 3,504,000 kWh/y 140,160 USD/y



